

# Analysing variants with the

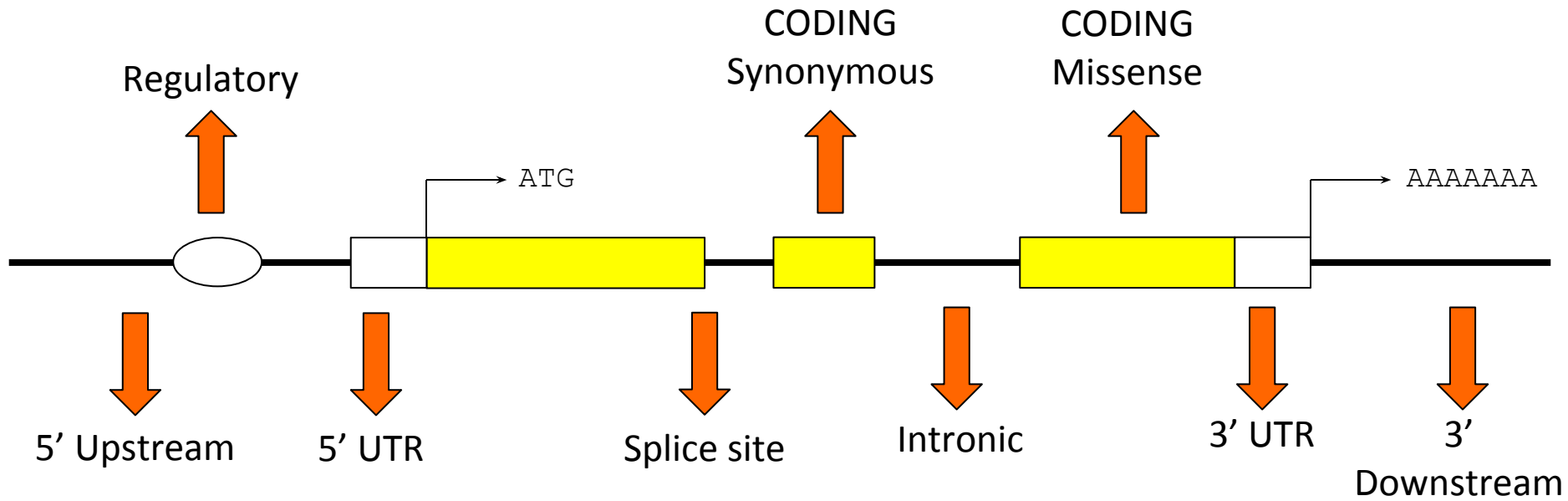
*Ve!P*

*e!*

# Your own variation data

<b>Variant coordinates</b>	<pre> 1   881907   881906   -/C   + 5   140532   140532   T/C   + 12  1017956  1017956  T/A   + 2   946507   946507   G/C   + 14  19584687 19584687 C/T   - </pre>
<b>HGVS notation</b>	<pre> ENST00000285667.3:c.1047_1048insC 5:g.140532T&gt;C NM_153681.2:c.7C&gt;T ENSP00000439902.1:p.Ala2233Asp NP_000050.2:p.Ile2285Val </pre>
<b>VCF</b>	<pre> #CHROM POS      ID          REF ALT 20     14370   rs6054257  G   A 20     17330   .          T   A 20     1110696 rs6040355  A   G,T 20     1230237 .          T   . </pre>
<b>Variant IDs</b>	<pre> rs41293501 COSM327779 rs146120136 FANCD1:c.475G&gt;A rs373400041 </pre>

# What are the consequences?



# SO consequence terms

* SO term	SO description	SO accession	Old Ensembl term
transcript_ablation	A feature ablation whereby the deleted region includes a transcript feature	<a href="#">SO:0001893</a>	Transcript ablation
splice_donor_variant	A splice variant that changes the 2 base region at the 5' end of an intron	<a href="#">SO:0001575</a>	Essential splice site
splice_acceptor_variant	A splice variant that changes the 2 base region at the 3' end of an intron	<a href="#">SO:0001574</a>	
stop_gained	A sequence variant whereby at least one base of a codon is changed, resulting in a premature stop codon, leading to a shortened transcript	<a href="#">SO:0001587</a>	Stop gained
frameshift_variant	A sequence variant which causes a disruption of the translational reading frame, because the number of nucleotides inserted or deleted is not a multiple of three	<a href="#">SO:0001589</a>	Frameshift coding
stop_lost	A sequence variant where at least one base of the terminator codon (stop) is changed, resulting in an elongated transcript	<a href="#">SO:0001578</a>	Stop lost
initiator_codon_variant	A codon variant that changes at least one base of the first codon of a transcript	<a href="#">SO:0001582</a>	Non synonymous coding
inframe_insertion	An inframe non synonymous variant that inserts bases into in the coding sequence	<a href="#">SO:0001821</a>	
inframe_deletion	An inframe non synonymous variant that deletes bases from the coding sequence	<a href="#">SO:0001822</a>	
missense_variant	A sequence variant, that changes one or more bases, resulting in a different amino acid sequence but where the length is preserved	<a href="#">SO:0001583</a>	
transcript_amplification	A feature amplification of a region containing a transcript	<a href="#">SO:0001889</a>	Transcript amplification
splice_region_variant	A sequence variant in which a change has occurred within the region of the splice site, either within 1-3 bases of the exon or 3-8 bases of the intron	<a href="#">SO:0001630</a>	Splice site
incomplete_terminal_codon_variant	A sequence variant where at least one base of the final codon of an incompletely annotated transcript is changed	<a href="#">SO:0001626</a>	Partial codon
synonymous_variant	A sequence variant where there is no resulting change to the encoded amino acid	<a href="#">SO:0001819</a>	Synonymous coding
stop_retained_variant	A sequence variant where at least one base in the terminator codon is changed, but the terminator remains	<a href="#">SO:0001567</a>	
coding_sequence_variant	A sequence variant that changes the coding sequence	<a href="#">SO:0001580</a>	Coding unknown
mature_miRNA_variant	A transcript variant located with the sequence of the mature miRNA	<a href="#">SO:0001620</a>	Within mature miRNA
5_prime_UTR_variant	A UTR variant of the 5' UTR	<a href="#">SO:0001623</a>	5prime UTR
3_prime_UTR_variant	A UTR variant of the 3' UTR	<a href="#">SO:0001624</a>	3prime UTR
intron_variant	A transcript variant occurring within an intron	<a href="#">SO:0001627</a>	Intronic
NMD_transcript_variant	A variant in a transcript that is the target of NMD	<a href="#">SO:0001621</a>	NMD transcript
non_coding_exon_variant	A sequence variant that changes non-coding exon sequence	<a href="#">SO:0001792</a>	Within non coding gene
nc_transcript_variant	A transcript variant of a non coding RNA	<a href="#">SO:0001619</a>	
upstream_gene_variant	A sequence variant located 5' of a gene	<a href="#">SO:0001631</a>	Upstream
downstream_gene_variant	A sequence variant located 3' of a gene	<a href="#">SO:0001632</a>	Downstream
TFBS_ablation	A feature ablation whereby the deleted region includes a transcription factor binding site	<a href="#">SO:0001895</a>	Tfbs ablation
TFBS_amplification	A feature amplification of a region containing a transcription factor binding site	<a href="#">SO:0001892</a>	Tfbs amplification
TF_binding_site_variant	A sequence variant located within a transcription factor binding site	<a href="#">SO:0001782</a>	Regulatory region
regulatory_region_variant	A sequence variant located within a regulatory region	<a href="#">SO:0001566</a>	
regulatory_region_ablation	A feature ablation whereby the deleted region includes a regulatory region	<a href="#">SO:0001894</a>	Regulatory region ablation
regulatory_region_amplification	A feature amplification of a region containing a regulatory region	<a href="#">SO:0001891</a>	Regulatory region amplification
feature_elongation	A sequence variant that causes the extension of a genomic feature, with regard to the reference sequence	<a href="#">SO:0001907</a>	Feature elongation
feature_truncation	A sequence variant that causes the reduction of a genomic feature, with regard to the reference sequence	<a href="#">SO:0001906</a>	Feature truncation
intergenic_variant	A sequence variant located in the intergenic region, between genes	<a href="#">SO:0001628</a>	Intergenic

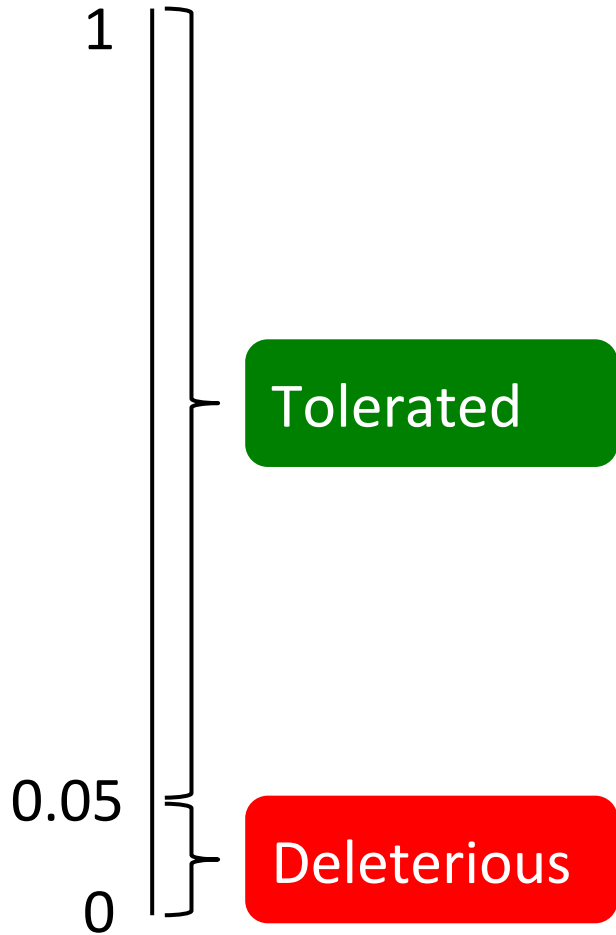
[http://www.ensembl.org/info/docs/variation/predicted\\_data.html](http://www.ensembl.org/info/docs/variation/predicted_data.html)

# SIFT and PolyPhen

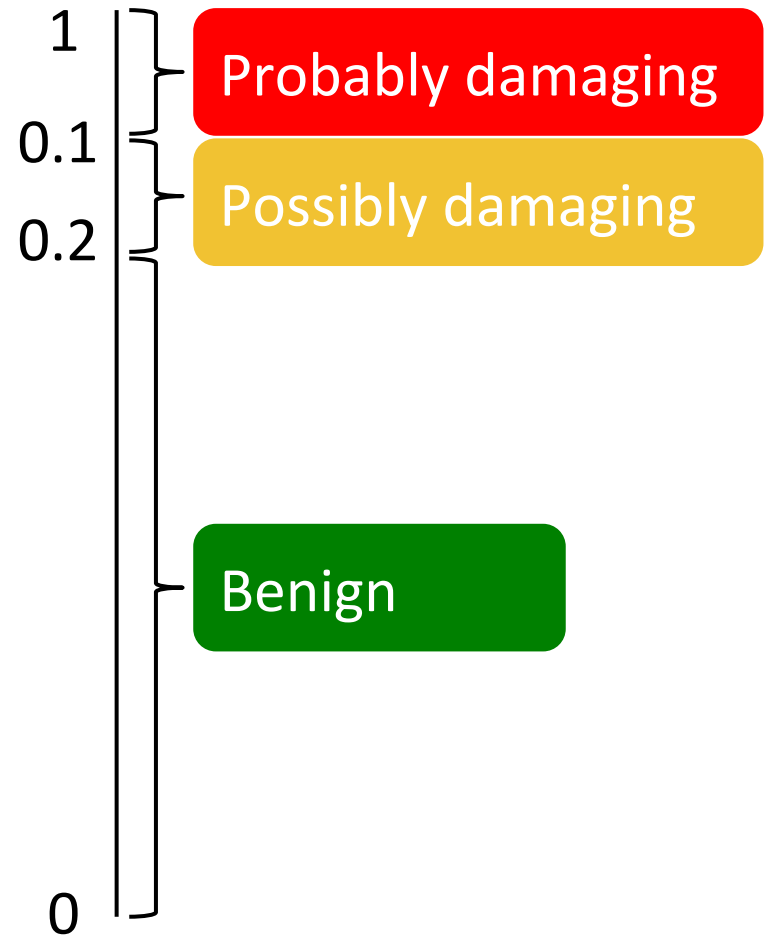
SIFT and PolyPhen score changes in amino acid sequence based on:

- How well conserved the protein is
- The chemical change in the amino acid

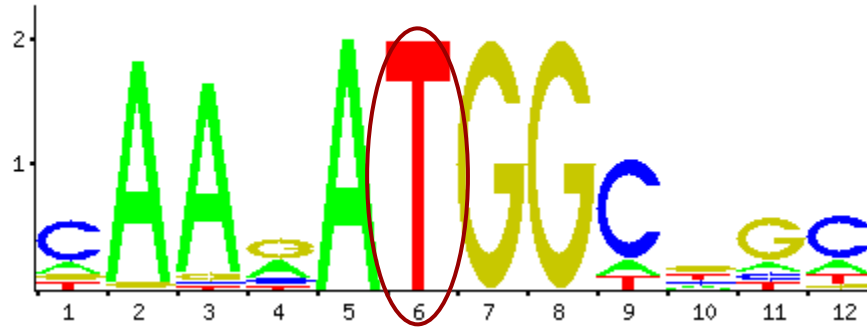
# SIFT



# PolyPhen



# Does it affect TF binding?



GAACA**T**GGCGGC

Score = 10.414

T/C

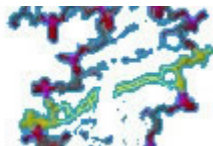


GAACA**C**GGCGGC

Score = 10.329

# Is it known?

dbSNP  
Short Genetic Variations



orphanet

OMIM<sup>®</sup>

DGVA<sup>archive</sup>

DECIPHER v5.1  
GRCh37

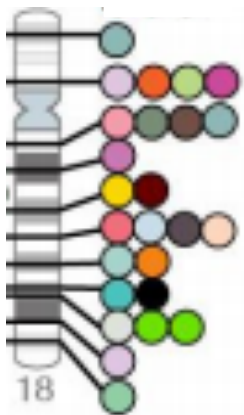


HGMD<sup>®</sup>  
The Human Gene Mutation Database  
Cardiff

UniProt

PubMed

European  
genome-phenome  
archive



GANT



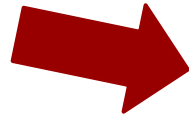
GEFS

BGenetics

[http://www.ensembl.org/info/docs/variation/sources\\_documentation.html](http://www.ensembl.org/info/docs/variation/sources_documentation.html)



# Use the VEP



## Web interface

- Point-and-click interface
- Suits smaller volumes of data



[Documentation](#)



[Launch the web interface](#)



## Standalone perl script

- More options, more flexibility
- For large volumes of data



[Documentation](#)



[Download latest version](#)

<http://www.ensembl.org/info/docs/tools/vep/index.html>

# Set up a cache

- Speed up your VEP script with an offline cache.
- Use prebuilt caches for Ensembl species.
- Or make your own from GTF and FASTA files - even for genomes not in Ensembl.



[http://www.ensembl.org/info/docs/tools/vep/script/vep\\_cache.html](http://www.ensembl.org/info/docs/tools/vep/script/vep_cache.html)

# Hands on

- We're going to look at a set of four variants to find out what genes they hit and what effect they have on them.

9 128328461 128328461 A/- + var1

9 128322349 128322349 C/A + var2

9 128323079 128323079 C/G + var3

9 128322917 128322917 G/A + var4

9 128322495 128322495 A/G + var5

# Host an Ensembl course

We can teach an Ensembl course at your institute for free (except trainers' expenses).

Email [emily@ebi.ac.uk](mailto:emily@ebi.ac.uk)

## Browser course

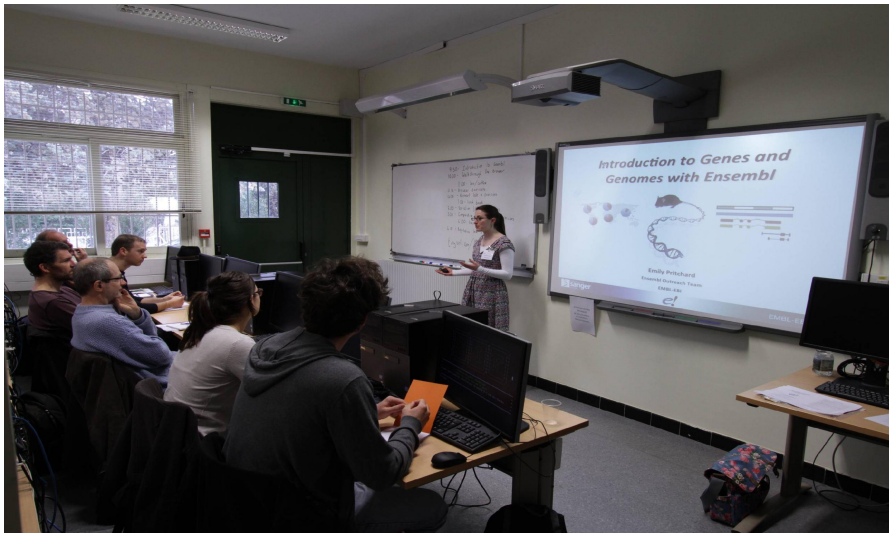
½-2 day course on the Ensembl browser, aimed at wet-lab scientists.

One trainer.

## API course

1-4 day course on the Ensembl Perl API, aimed at bioinformaticians.

1-4 trainers.



# Help and documentation



Course online <http://www.ebi.ac.uk/training/online/subjects/11>

Tutorials [www.ensembl.org/info/website/tutorials](http://www.ensembl.org/info/website/tutorials)



Flash animations

[www.youtube.com/user/EnsemblHelpdesk](http://www.youtube.com/user/EnsemblHelpdesk)

<http://u.youku.com/Ensemblhelpdesk>



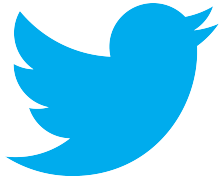
Email us [helpdesk@ensembl.org](mailto:helpdesk@ensembl.org)

Ensembl public mailing lists [dev@ensembl.org](mailto:dev@ensembl.org),  
[announce@ensembl.org](mailto:announce@ensembl.org)

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[@Ensembl](https://twitter.com/Ensembl)



[www.ensembl.info](http://www.ensembl.info)

# Publications

<http://www.ensembl.org/info/about/publications.html>

Cunningham, F. *et al*

## **Ensembl 2015**

Nucleic Acids Research

<http://nar.oxfordjournals.org/content/early/2014/10/28/nar.gku1010.full?keytype=ref&ijkey=VOWPjAJSu1p1S5M>

Xosé M. Fernández-Suárez and Michael K. Schuster

## **Using the Ensembl Genome Server to Browse Genomic Sequence Data.**

*Current Protocols in Bioinformatics* 1.15.1-1.15.48 (2010)

[www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/20521244](http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/20521244)

Giulietta M Spudich and Xosé M Fernández-Suárez

## **Touring Ensembl: A practical guide to genome browsing**

*BMC Genomics* **11**:295 (2010)

[www.biomedcentral.com/1471-2164/11/295](http://www.biomedcentral.com/1471-2164/11/295)



# Ensembl 2015





# Acknowledgements

## Ensembl 2015

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wellcome trust

EMBL



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Research Institute



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European Commission  
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