IT Infrastructure Required to Scale Personalized Medicine

Sandy Aronson

Executive Director of Information Technology

Harvard Medical School – Partners HealthCare

Center for Genetics and Genomics

Our Goal

To build information infrastructure that improves patient care by enabling clinicians to effectively leverage increasing amounts of genetic and genomic data

Genetics in Current Clinical Practice

Clinician Identifies Clinical Concern



Clinician Reviews
Report and Applies
Content to Clinical
Decisions



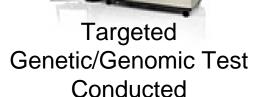
Specific Genetic Test Ordered





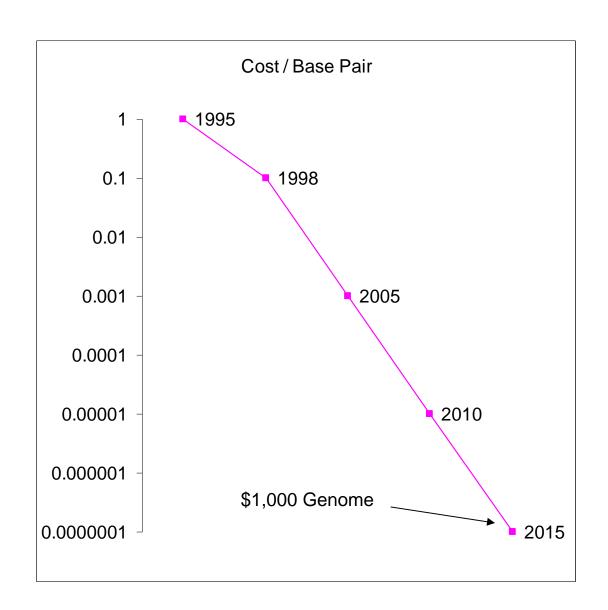






Medical Professional Writes Report Interpreting Result

Cost of DNA Sequencing



Data adopted from:

Mutation Research 573 (2005) 13-40

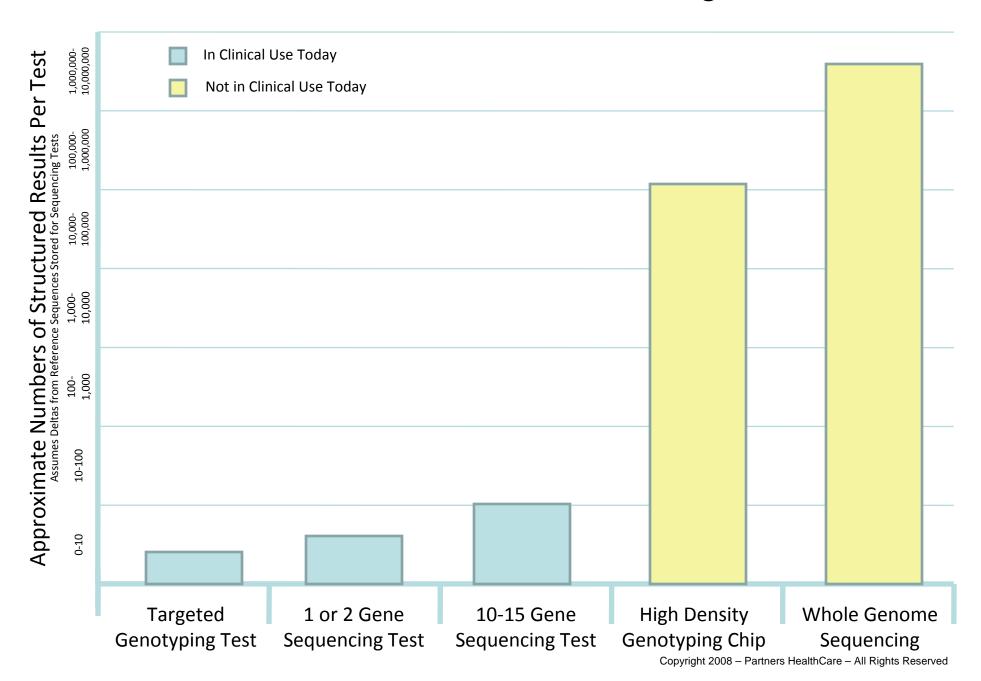
Community address: wv

Review

Advances in sequencing technology

Eugene Y. Chan*

Evolution of Genomic Technologies



Broad Spectrum Genotyping Model (Not Current Clinical Practice)















Broad Spectrum
Test Ordered
for General Use

Large Portions
(or all of)
Patient's DNA
Sequenced /
Genotyped

Hundreds of Thousands to Millions of Variations for Each Patient Stored in a Repository

Repository Routinely
Accessed to
Understand
Implications of
Patient's Genome

Will be Challenging to Properly Support in the Clinic

<u>4 – 5 Million</u>

Estimated Number of Differences Between Each Person's DNA and a Universal Reference Sequence

(Levy S, Sutton G, Ng PC, Feuk L, Halpern AL, et al. (2007) The diploid genome sequence of an individual human. PLoS Biol 5(10): e254. doi:10.1371/journal.pbio.0050254)

9,582 OMIM Entries Either Added or Updated in 2007

(OMIM Website)

<u>14.7 Minutes</u>

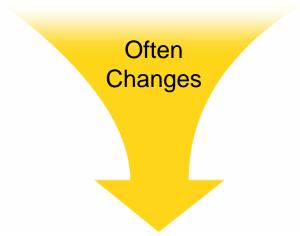
The Medium Amount of Time a Clinician Has to Spend with Each of Their Patients

(Middleton KR, Hing E. National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey: 2004 outpatient department summary. Adv Data. Jun 23 2006(373):1-27.)

Genomic Contributions to Clinical Decision Making

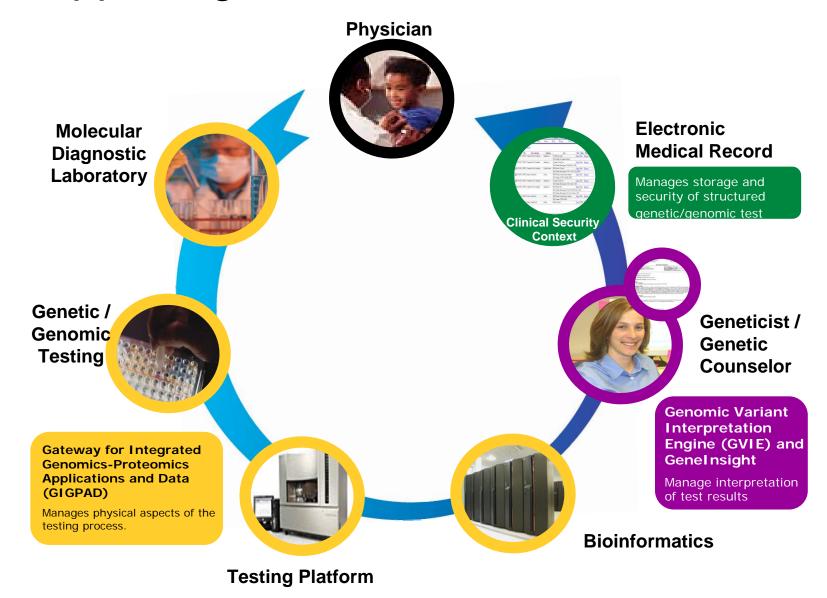
What Genetic Variations
Are Present in this Patient?

Rarely Changes What is the Significance of the Variants Identified



Genetically Informed Decision Making Process

Supporting the Current Clinical Model



GeneInsight - DNA Variant Knowledgebase

Gene	Allele	DNA	AA									
TGFBR2	DDE	170-2A>G		Gene	Allele	DNA	AA	**	Region	Category	Dis	
TGFBR2		571G>A	V191I	TGFBR2	DDE	170-2A>G	EMC	R	Intron	Pathogenic	MFS, LDS,	
TGFBR2	D D E	773T>G	V258G	TOPBICE		170-2A20	-111		1	Padriogeriic	TAAD	
TGFBR2		923T>C	L308P	TGFBR2		571G>A	V191I	R	Exon 4	Pathogenic	MFS, LDS,	
TGFBR2	D D E	1006T>A	Y336N	TOTBIX		37102A	V1911	\ \ _	LAOIT 4	radiogenic	TAAD	
TGFBR2		1063G>C	A355P	TGFBR2	R2	773T>G	V258G	R	Exon 4	Pathogenic	MFS, LDS, TAAD	
TGFBR2	DDF	1067G>C	R356P	10.0.0		,,,,,,,	12505		2.1.01.1	. adilogoillo		
TGFBR2	DDF	1069G>T	G357W G369V	TGFBR2		923T>C	L308P	R	Exon 4	Pathogenic	MFS, LDS,	
TGFBR.	DE	1151A>G 1181G>A	N384S C394Y	TGFBR2	DDF	1006T>A	Y336N	R	Exon 4	Pathogenic	MFS, LDS, TAAD	
TGFBR2		1188T>G	C396W								MFS, LDS,	
TGFBR2	D D E	115 G>A	V387L	TGFBR2		1063G>C A355P R Exon 4 Pathogenic		Pathogenic	TAAD			
TGFBR2		1273A>0	M425V	VIEWAY.	TOPE	MODI	CAAAC	/TD	EMC	DEMC	MFS, LDS,	
TGFBR2	D D E	1322C>T	5 41F	TGFBR2		1067G>C	R356P	R	Exon 4	Pathogenic	TAAD	
TGFBR2		1336G>A	D446i	TGFBR2		1069G>T	G357W	R	Exon 4	Pathogenic	MFS, LDS,	
TGFBR2	D D E	1346C>T	S449F	TOPBRZ		10090>1	0337W	K	CXUII 4	Facilogenic	TAAD	
TGFBR2		1378C>T	R460C									

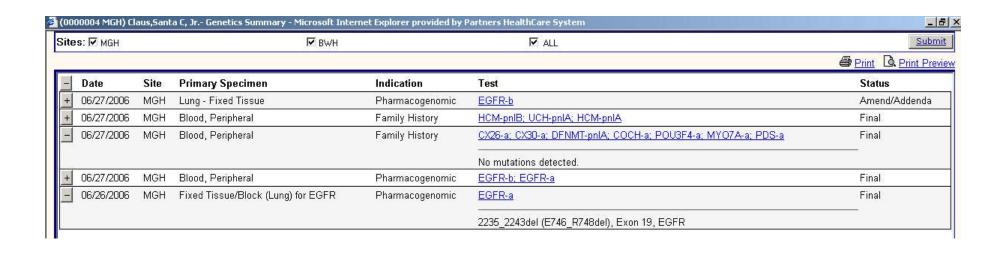
GVIE

Variants Identified In Patients

Gene	Allele	DNA	AA	**	Region	▼1 Category	Dis
TGFBR2	DDE	170-2A>G	EMC	R	Intron 1	Pathogenic	MFS, LDS, TAAD
TGFBR2		571G>A	V191I	R	Exon 4	Pathogenic	MFS, LDS, TAAD
TGFBR2	D D E	773T>G	V258G	R	Exon 4	Pathogenic	MFS, LDS, TAAD
TGFBR2		923T>C	L308P	R	Exon 4	Pathogenic	MFS, LDS, TAAD
TGFBR2	D D E	1006T>A	Y336N	R	Exon 4	Pathogenic	MFS, LDS, TAAD
TGFBR2		1063G>C	A355P	R	Exon 4	Pathogenic	MFS, LDS, TAAD
TGFBR2	DDE	1067G>C	R356P	R	Exon 4	Pathogenic	MFS, LDS, TAAD
TGFBR2		1069G>T	G357W	R	Exon 4	Pathogenic	MFS, LDS, TAAD



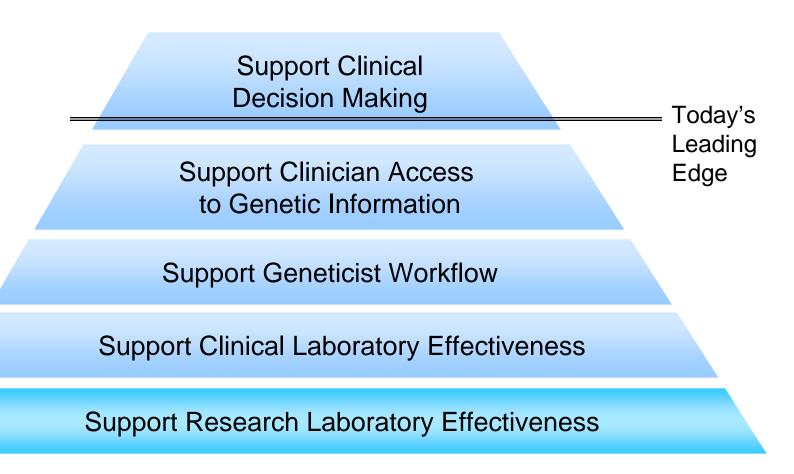
EHR



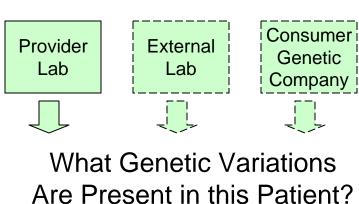
CDSS

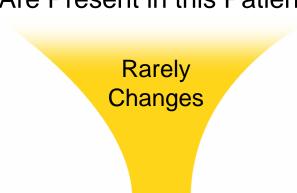
	Select D	Desktop	Pt Charl	t: Medications	Oncology	Custom	Reports	Admin	Sign	Results	?	Res
Warning												
You are ordering: TARCEVA (ERLOTINIB)												
Drug - Genetic Intervention												
Alert Message	Keep New Order - select reason(s)											
TARCEVA (ERLOTINIB) is contraindicated in patients with to be associated with resistance to Tyrosine Kinase Inhibit cell lung cancer. Most recent = Resistant 12/21/2006	Reasons for override: Patient has pancreatic cancer No reasonable alternatives Other											
See Report in Genetics Summary under Results												
С	cel	Back To Look	cup									

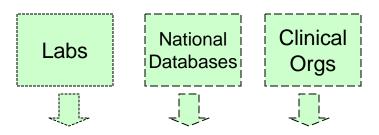
IT Support for the Clinical Practice of Genetic/Genomic Based Personalized Medicine



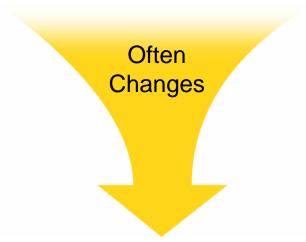
Information is Dispersed





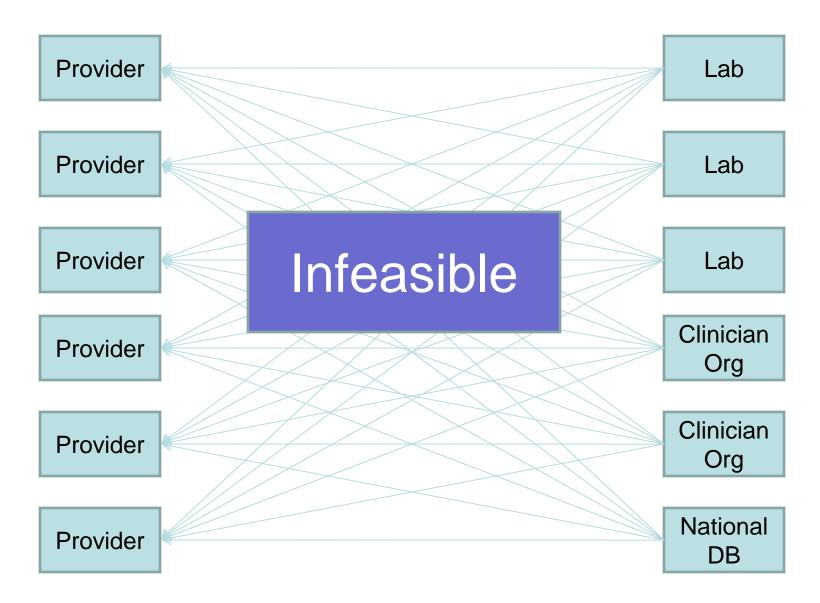


What is the Significance of the Variants Identified?

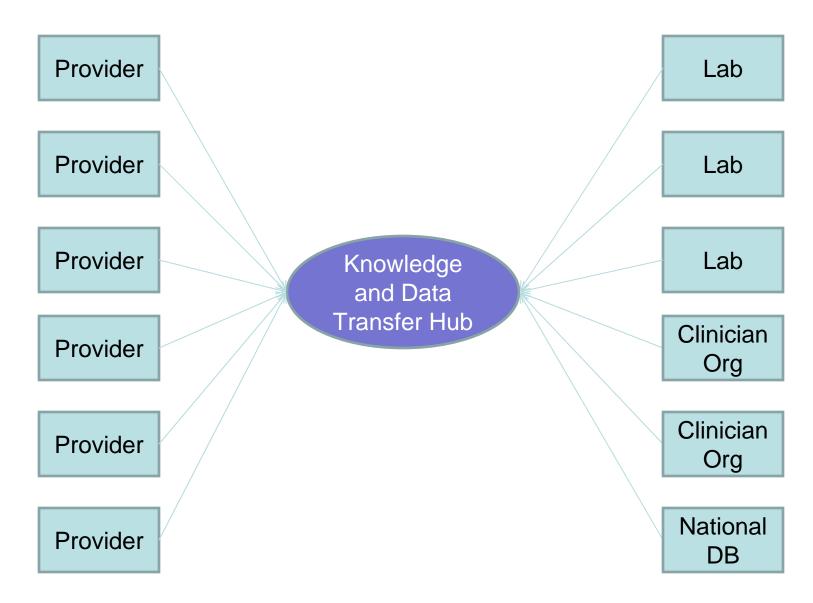


Genetically Informed Decision Making Process

The Many to Many Problem



The Hub Concept



GeneInsight Vision

