Education and Training in Genetics and Genomics: A United States Perspective

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By way of introduction – Boughman

Population geneticist
 PhD Medical Geneticist (Board Certified)
 University Dean of Graduate School
 University Vice President for Research and Development
 University Provost
 Member of National Advisory Committee
 Association Executive

American Society of Human Genetics (ASHG)

8000 members (~ 5% from UK)

Researchers, academicians, industry scientists, clinicians, counselors, others

All areas of genetics

- Basic molecular biology
- Genomics (including bioinformatics)
- Translational
- Clinical applications
- Ethical, legal and social issues

Genetics Community

ASHG (American Society of Human Genetics)

ACMG (American College of Medical Genetics)

ABMG (American Board of Medical genetics)

The Challenge

- Genetics knowledge and technologies are being rapidly generated in genetics and genomics
 Integration of genetics into health care and public health practice driven by 3 main forces:
 - Scientific and Technological Advances
 - Consumer/Patient Demand
 - Cost Considerations/ Emphasis on Prevention
- Health professionals are the ultimate arbiters of how and when (and if) new technologies and practices are integrated into health care

Key Stakeholders

 Basic Scientists and translational researchers
 Genetic Specialists Medical Geneticists, Genetic Counselors
 Physicians Peds, Ob/Gyns, Internists, Fam Practitioners
 Public Health Professionals
 Nurses
 Allied Health Professionals
 Patients, Consumers, General Public

Research Scientists

PhD trainees in a variety of basic science programs
 PhD following 4 year bachelors degree
 PhD training averages 5-6 years

Graduate School Applications in Health and Biological Sciences



Source: http://www.cgsnet.org/

Total Biological and Medical Sciences Graduate Students in Doctorate Granting Departments by Citizenship/Visa Status



Doctorate Degrees Awarded in the Biological and Medical Sciences by Citizenship/Visa Status



Source: http://www.nsf.gov/statistics/doctorates/

Research Scientist Careers

Postdoctoral fellowship (2 years)
 Additional Postdoctoral training
 Academic position
 Other position

Biological and Medical Sciences Postdocs by Citizenship/Visa Status



Distribution of Biomedical Science PhDs by Sector of Employment



PhD Training programs

- Based in University departments or centers
- Training program may be multidisciplinary
- Program may be funded as unit
- Trainees may also be funded individually
 - From department
 - From PI research grants



Source: http://www.nsf.gov/statistics/gradpostdoc/

Pre-Doctoral and Post-Doctoral Positions on NIH Training Grants and Fellowships



Source: http://grants1.nih.gov/grants/award/award.htm

Genetics/Genomics Training

Highly dependent on NIH budget
Dependent on NIH priorities
Dependent on peer review structure

Genetics and Genomics Research Workforce Issues Molecular scientists Training costs **Career trajectories Bioinformatics scientists** Recruitment Training resources at centers **Medical Services** Laboratory **Patient services**

Genetics and Genomics Translation and Clinical Workload issues Patient care **Clinical Laboratory Basic Research Clinical Research** Teaching Administration

ABMG Clinical Subgroups

MD Clinical Geneticist PhD Medical Geneticist Clinical Biochemical Geneticist Clinical Molecular Geneticist Clinical Cytogeneticist

ABGC Genetic Counselor

Board Certified Geneticists

2342 people earned 2766 certificates By subgroup MD Clinical 1253 PhD Medical 155 261 Biochem Cytogenetics 618 Clin Molecular 480

Other MD Specialties

Internal Medicine	110
■ Ob/Gyn	139
Pathology	50
Pediatrics	736
Psych/Neurology	33

Medical Genetics

TBD

NEEDS

More people
More recruitment
More support for training
More support for investigators

More advocacy

ASHG will continue to advocate

Thank you and the NIH for this opportunity

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