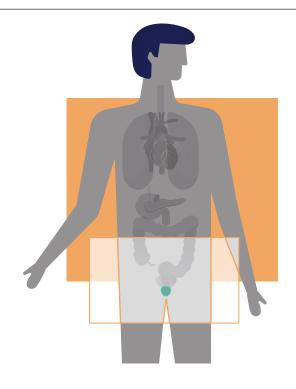




What is **Prostate Cancer?**

Prostate cancer is tumors that form in the prostate. The prostate is a gland in males that is found below the bladder and in front of the rectum.



Prostate cancer can sometimes spread beyond the prostate gland. Treatment may be more successful if prostate cancer is found early.

How does family health history affect one's risk of prostate cancer?

Use the worksheet on the next page to find out.

Check out these websites for more information:

MedlinePlus medlineplus.gov/prostatecancer.html

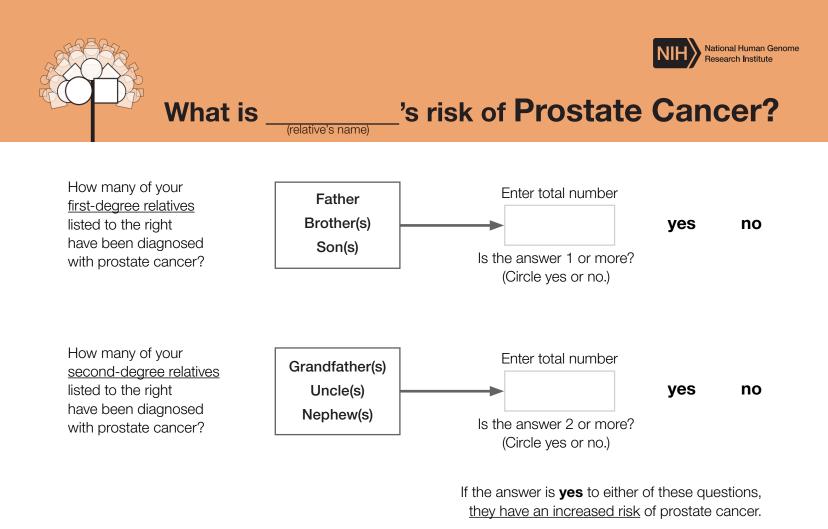
Mayo Clinic mayoclinic.org/diseases-conditions/prostate-cancer/symptoms-causes/syc-20353087 Families SHARE genome.gov/research-at-nhgri/Projects/Families-SHARE

What are some factors that may increase risk of prostate cancer?

- Eating a diet high in fat
- Eating a diet with a lot of red meat

Some health screenings for prostate cancer

- Digital rectal examination
- Prostate-specific antigen blood test



If your family member is at increased risk, tell them to talk to their doctor about how to prevent prostate cancer.

Important:

The risk of prostate cancer increases with age. Additionally, some ethnic groups may be at more risk than others. If you are **African American**, you may have a higher risk for prostate cancer.

Some tips that may help prevent and detect prostate cancer:



Choose a healthy diet:

- Eat a variety of fruits and vegetables every day.
- Avoid high-fat foods like red meat.



Talk to your doctor about screening:

• Discuss the potential risks and benefits of screening to decide whether or not screening tests for prostate cancer are right for you.