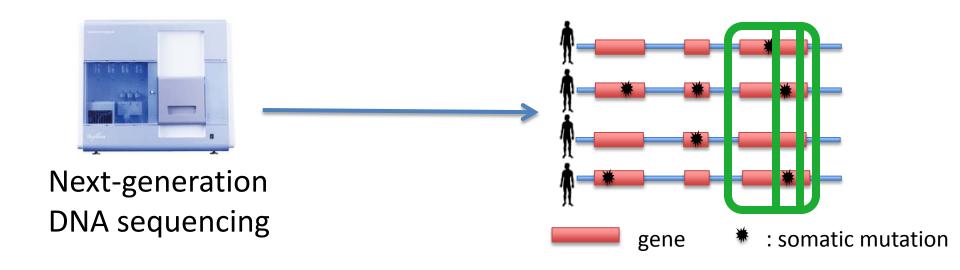
# Algorithms for Automated Discovery of Mutated Pathways in Cancer

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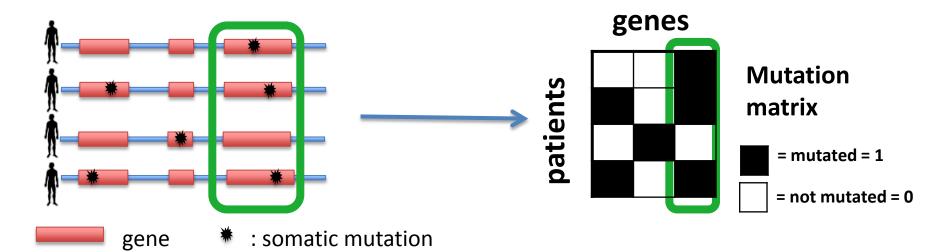
#### **Driver Mutations**



**Distinguish** functional (*driver*) mutations from background (*passenger*) mutations.

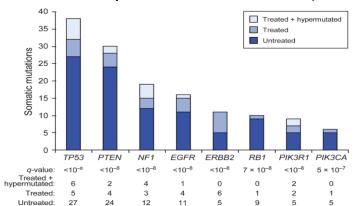
Recurrent mutations/mutated genes  $\rightarrow$  driver mutations

#### **Recurrent Mutations**



Mutated more that expected by chance?
Single-gene test → Multiple hypotheses correction

91 GBM samples. TCGA, Nature (2008)



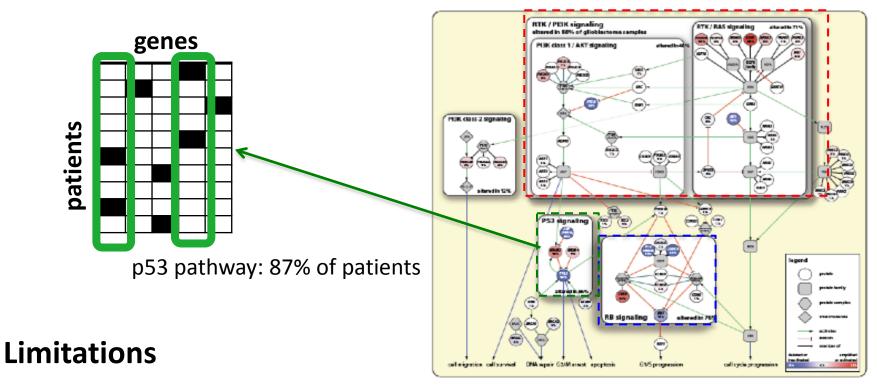
316 OV samples. TCGA, Nature (2011)

Table 2 | Significantly mutated genes in HGS-OvCa

	•	•	
Gene	No. of mutations	No. validated	No. unvalidated
TP53	302	294	8
BRCA1	11	10	1
CSMD3	19	19	0
NF1	13	13	0
CDK12	9	9	0
FAT3	19	18	1
GABRA6	6	6	0
BRCA2	10	10	0
RB1	6	6	0

# Mutated Pathways

Standard approach: enrichment of mutations on known pathways.



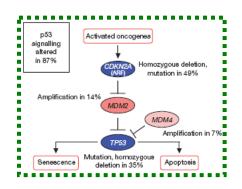
Only existing pathways are tested.

TCGA GBM. Nature, 2008.

- Topology of pathways ignored.
- Pathways are interconnected (crosstalk).

# Advantage of Large Datasets?

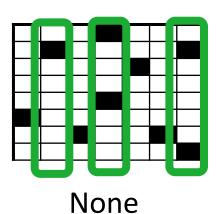
#### Prior knowledge of groups of genes







**Interaction Network** 



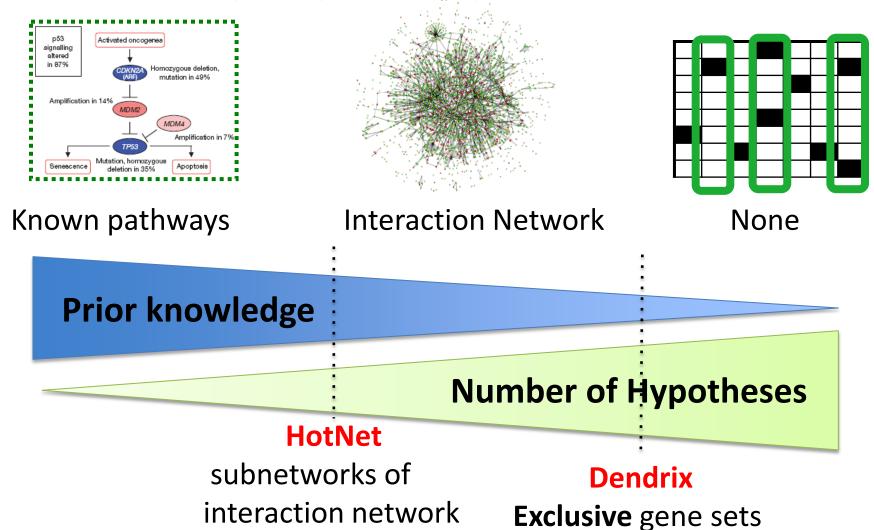
**Prior knowledge** 

Number of Hypotheses

 $\approx 10^{18}$  (< 6 genes)  $\approx 10^{22}$  (< 6 genes)

# Two Algorithms

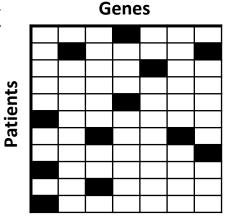
Prior knowledge of groups of genes

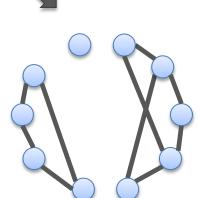


### HotNet: Problem Definition

#### Given:

- 1. Network G = (V, E)
  - V = genes. E = interactions b/w genes
- 2. Binary mutation matrix
  - = mutated
  - = not mutated

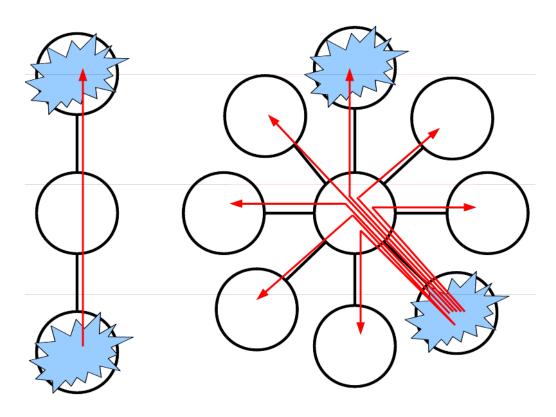




**Find**: Connected subnetworks mutated in a significant number of patients

- mutated in patient if  $\geq 1$  gene mutated in patient

# (Local) Topology Matters

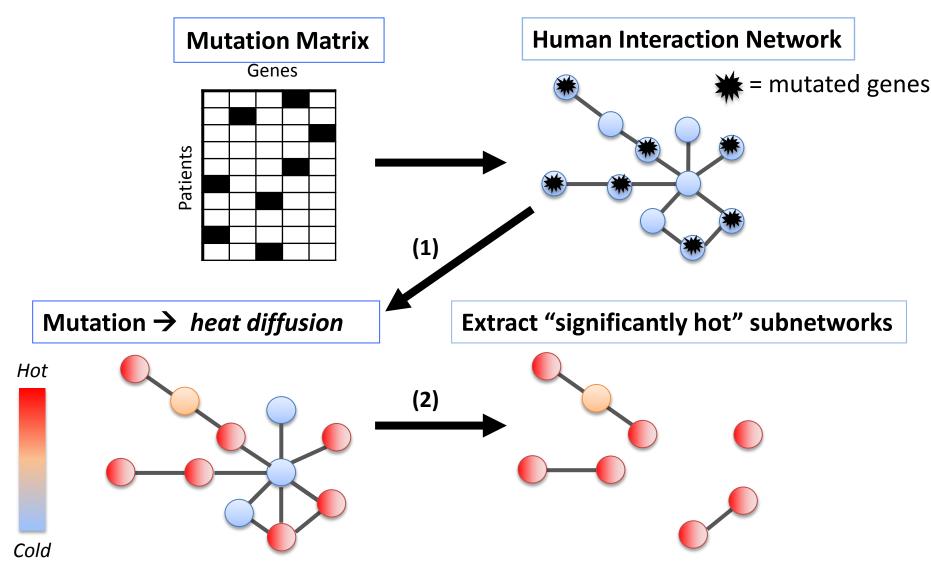


Single path between mutated genes

Path between mutated genes is one of many through node.

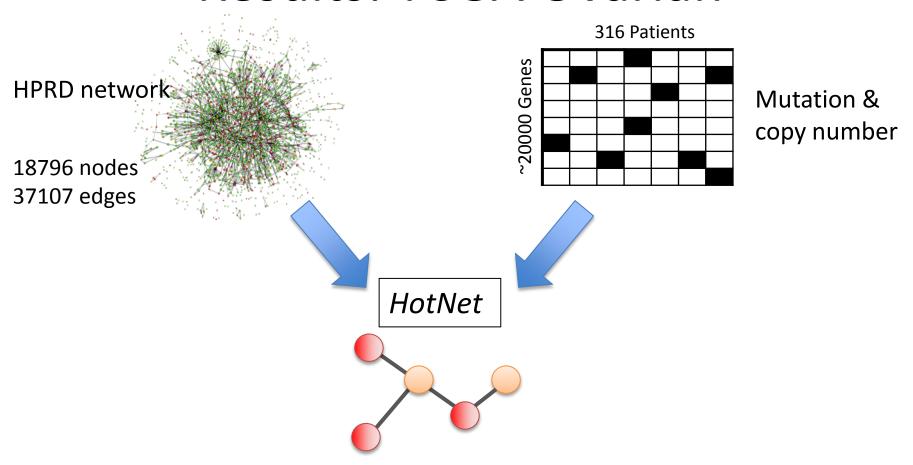
Example: TP53 has 238 neighbors in HPRD network

#### Mutated subnetworks: HotNet\*



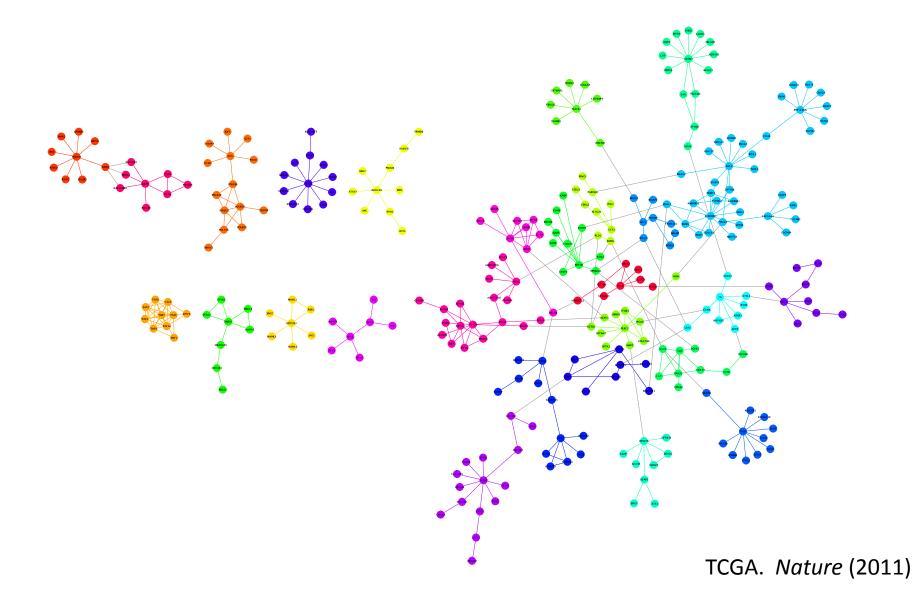
\*F. Vandin, E. Upfal, and B. J. Raphael. J. Comp. Biol. (2011). Also RECOMB (2010).

### Results: TCGA Ovarian

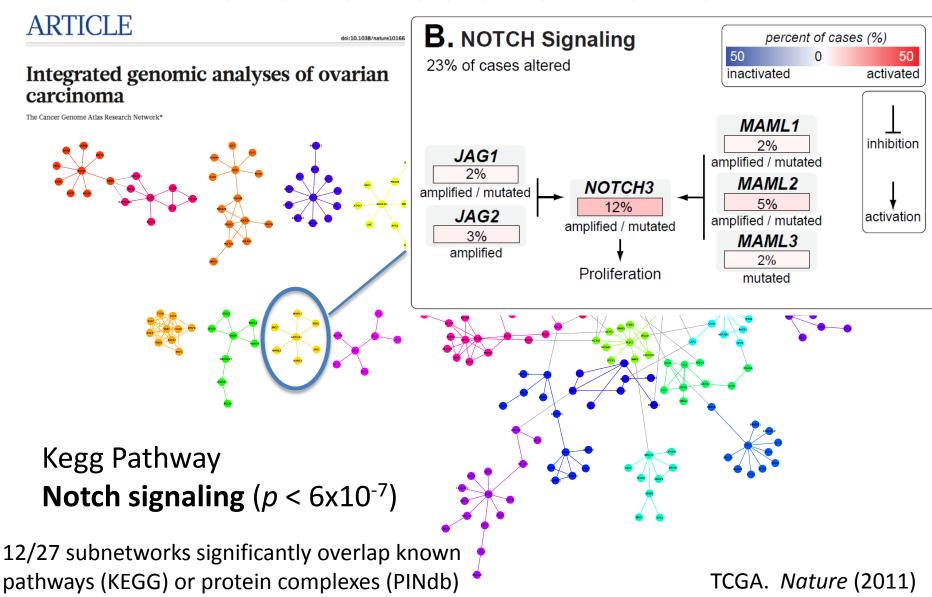


27 subnetworks with  $\geq$  7 genes (P < 0.03)

### **Ovarian Subnetworks**

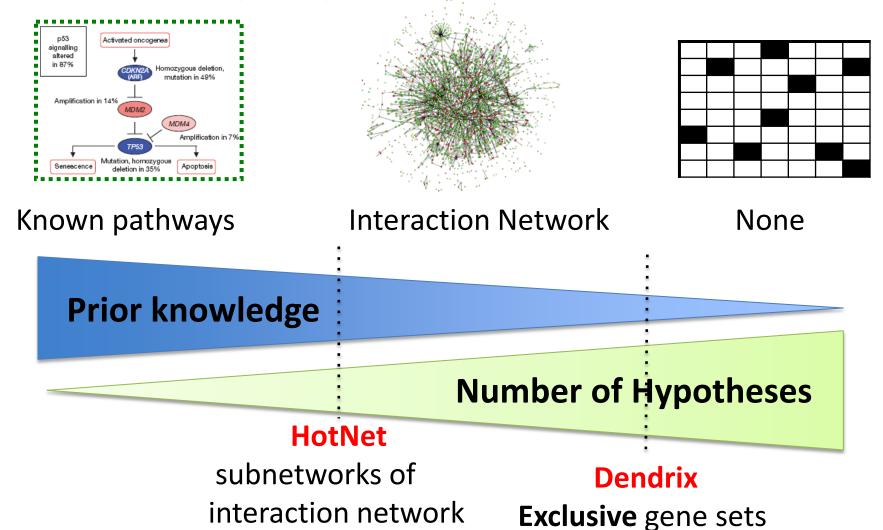


### **Ovarian Subnetworks**



# Two Algorithms

Prior knowledge of groups of genes



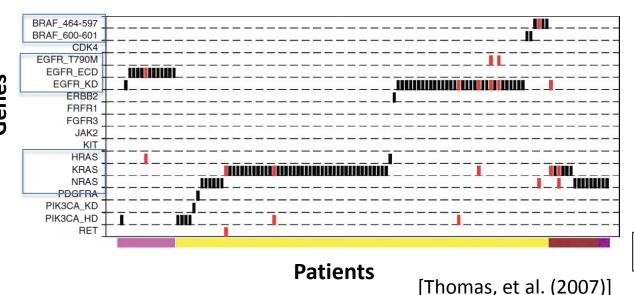
# Pathways and Mutations

Driver mutations are rare.

Cancer pathway has one driver mutation (gene) per patient

[Vogelstein and K. W. Kinzler (2004), Yeang, McCormick, and Levine (2008)]

#### 1. Exclusivity



cell membrane **EGFR RAS RAF MEK MAPK** Transcription factors

# Pathways and Mutations

Driver mutations are rare.

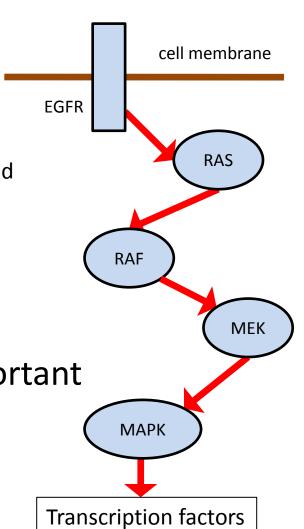
Cancer pathway has one driver mutation (gene) per patient

[Vogelstein and K. W. Kinzler (2004), Yeang, McCormick, and Levine (2008)]

#### 1. Exclusivity

Many patients have mutation in important cancer pathway.

#### 2. Coverage



### <u>De novo driver exclusivity</u> (**Dendrix\***)

#### **Given:**

Binary mutation matrix A

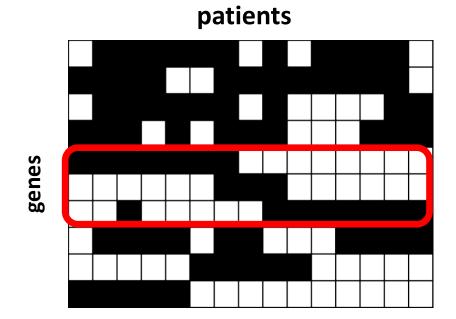
#### Find:

Set **M** of genes with:

- High Coverage: many patients have a least one mutation in M
- Approximate Exclusivity: most patients have no more than one mutation in M

Finding largest *M* is difficult! *Greedy* algorithm and *MCMC* algorithm

Theoretical results on convergence and optimality.



Dendrix++: extension with scoring based on probabilistic model

\*Vandin, Upfal, & Raphael. Genome Res. (Advance online) Also RECOMB 2011.

# Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML)

**Data**: Somatic mutations (from whole-exome sequencing) and fusion genes (RNA-seq) of 199 patients.

**Dendrix++**: Several "approximately exclusive" sets (each p < 0.001).

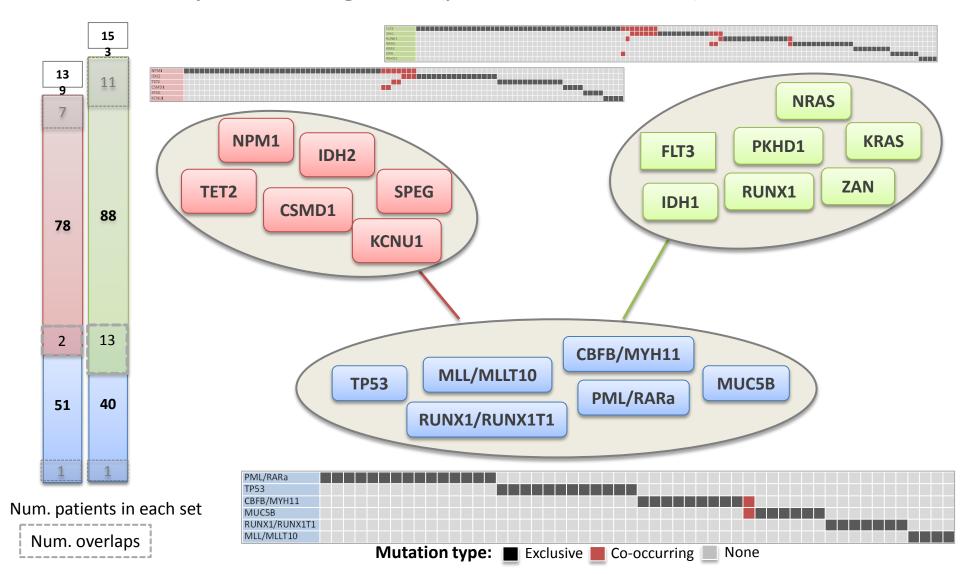
**HotNet**: 5 subnetworks containing ≥ 5 genes (p < 0.01).



Mutations are not (yet) validated. Any conclusions drawn from this data are preliminary and subject to change.

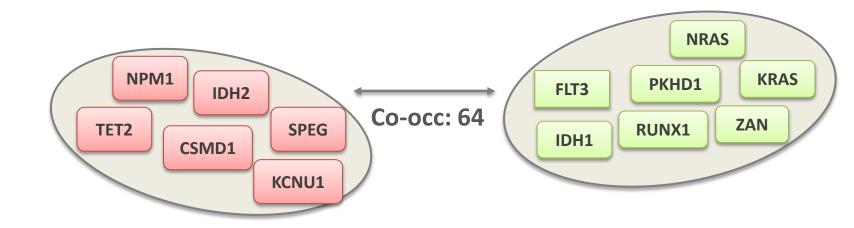
### Dendrix++: AML

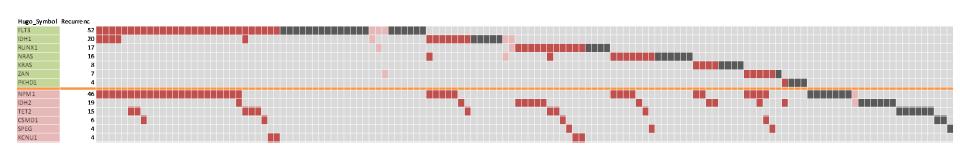
Top 2 scoring sets ( $p < 10^{-3}$  for each)



### Dendrix++: AML

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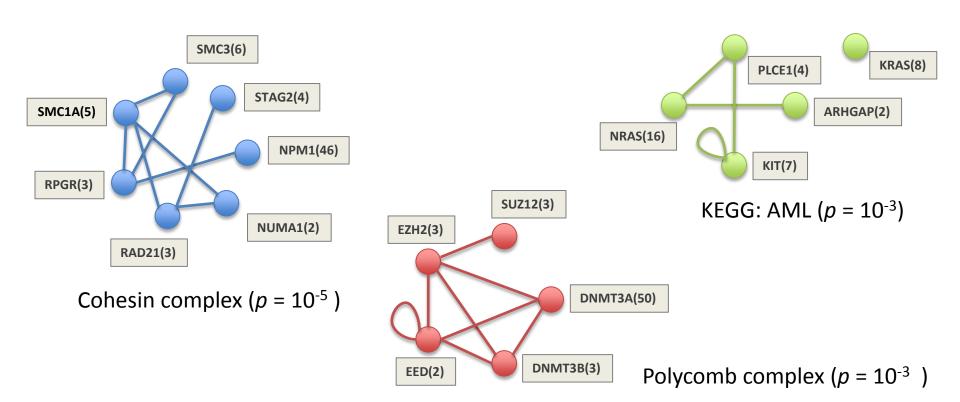


Co-occurrence between two groups
Co-occurrence inside the group

#### HotNet: AML

**Data**: Somatic mutations (from whole-exome sequencing) and fusion genes (RNA-seq) of 199 samples.

*HotNet*: 5 subnetworks containing  $\geq$  5 genes (p < 0.01).



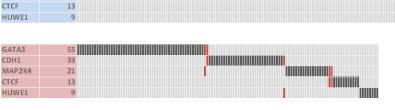
### Results: TCGA Breast

**Data**: Somatic mutations (whole-exome sequencing) of 514 samples with copy number aberrations for 438 of these.



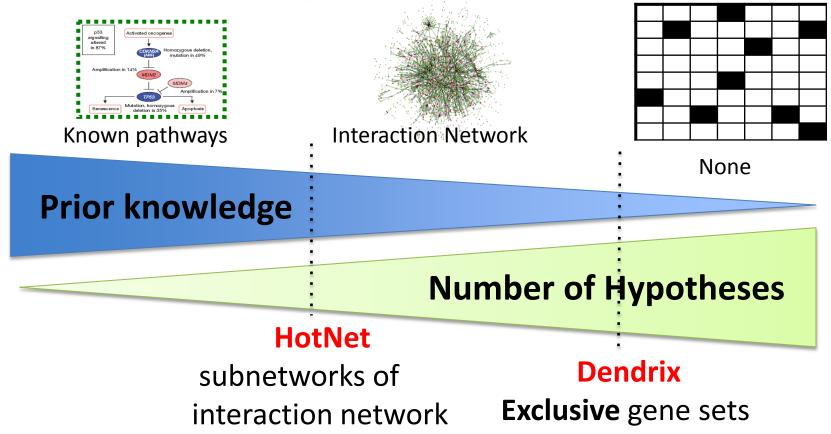
**Dendrix++**: Multiple approximately exclusive sets (each p < 0.001).

HotNet: 13 subnetworks containing ≥ 8 genes (p < 0.01). 4 enriched for known pathways (KEGG) and protein complexes (PINDb)



# Summary

Prior knowledge of groups of genes



**Future**: Incorporate more data types (methylation, gene expression). Perform pre/post filtering of predictions.

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