

Financial Disclosures

No financial interests to report that would influence the content of this presentation

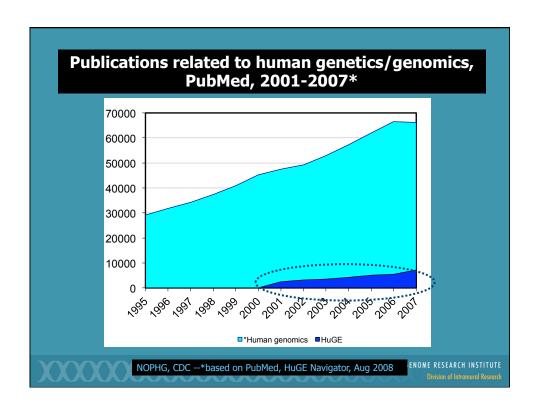
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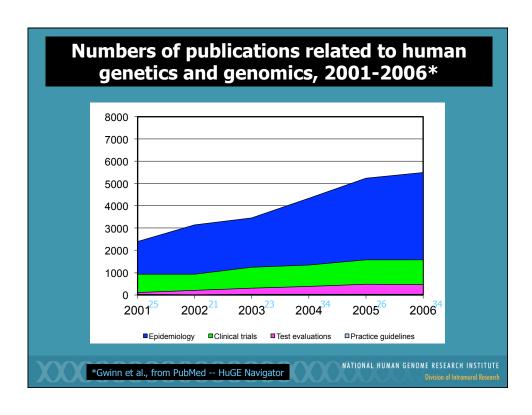
Today's talk

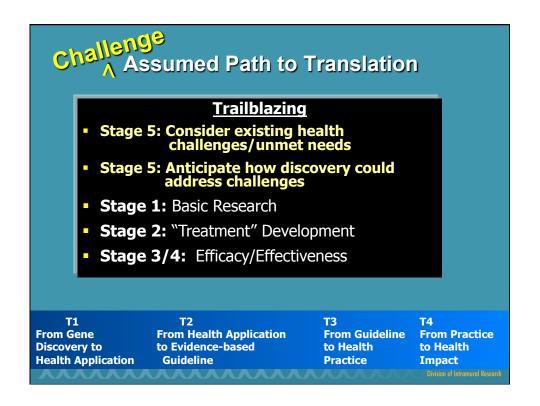
- Importance of research to shape translation of genomics for Public Health
- Overview of social and behavioral research approaches
- Principles of public health
- Examples of translation research in priority areas
- Take home messages

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Genomic discovery THE TURE IS BRIGHT REPRODUCTION OF THE BROWNER THE THE BROWNER

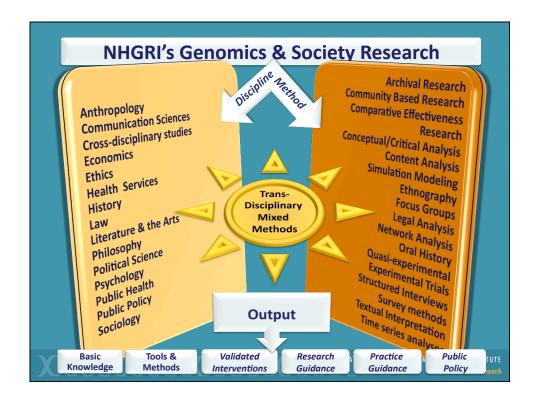












What is an intervention?

Efforts directed at a target group to influence a desired outcome:

- Informed decision-making
- Individual or group behavior change
- Individual or group attitude change
- Public policy change

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Intervention Objectives at the Intersection of Genetic Applications

Primary Prevention Healthy populations to prevent illness & injury

Susceptibility testing

Secondary Prevention Early detection, testing, hazard surveillance

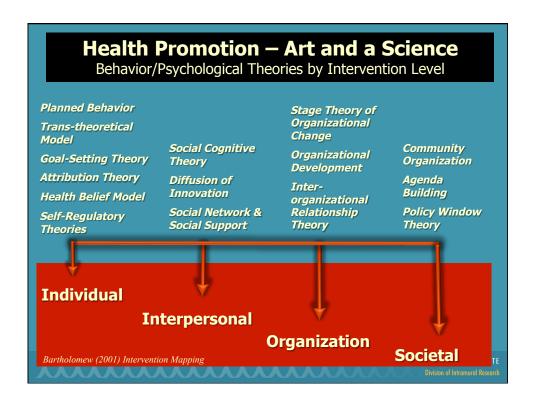
Predictive testing of high risk groups, newborn screening

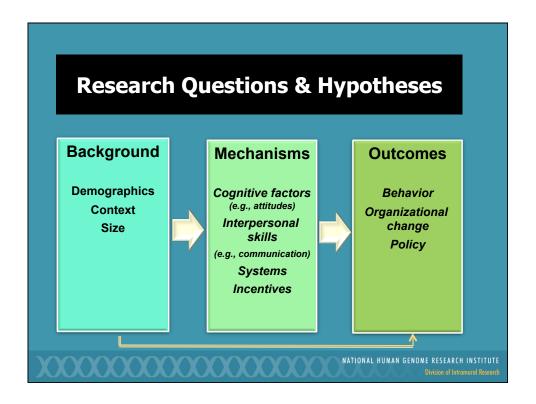
Tertiary

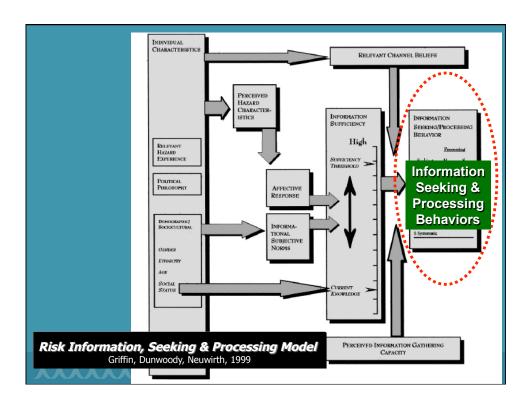
Those with disease conditions & injuries

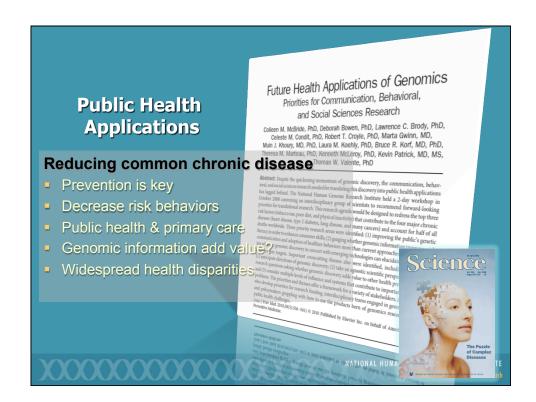
Assisting those affected – e.g., living with rare conditions

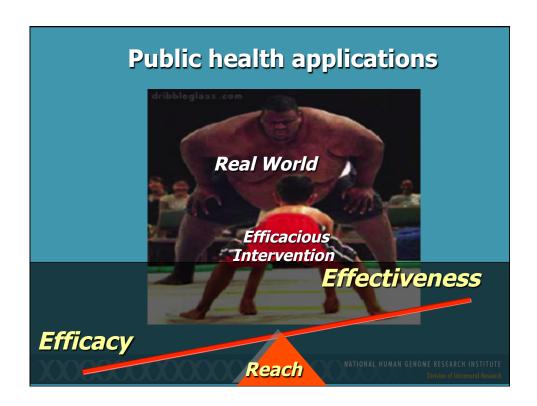
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Example: HNPCC Genetic counseling

Current approach

- High dose:
 - 2-3 hour sessions
- Resource intensive
 - Certified genetic counselor
 - Face to face sessions
- Demanding to sustain
 - Few genetic counselors
 - Reimbursement lacking
 - Expensive
- Highly efficacious
 - Low reach

Public Health approach

- Low dose:
 - < 1 hour</p>
- Resource light
 - Implemented by clinic staff or health educators
 - Telephone, mail, internet
- Sustainable
 - Employ existing infrastructure
 - Inexpensive
- Effectiveness is the goal
 - Broad reach

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Clinical Genetic vs. Public Health Applications

Efficacy – Effectiveness Trade-off

Current approach

- Efficacy = .80
- Reach = .10
- .80 x .10
- Effectiveness = .08

Public Health model

- Efficacy = .20
- Reach = .50
- .20 x .50
- Effectiveness = .10

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Table 1. Areas of emphasis for genomic translational research

Priority research areas

Public understanding and use of genomic information

Potential for genomics to improve risk communication and health behavior change

Using genomics and other emerging technologies to identify new behavioral intervention targets and more sensitive intervention outcomes

Crosscutting themes

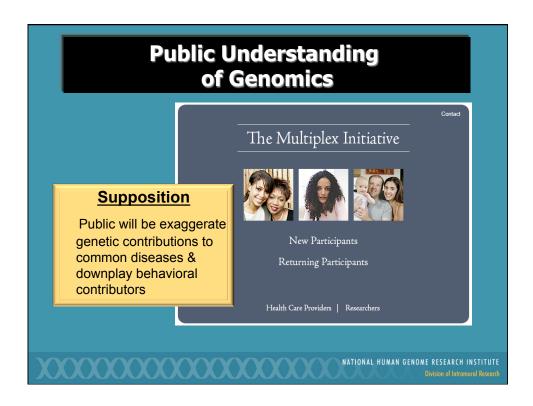
The need to anticipate directions of genomic discovery

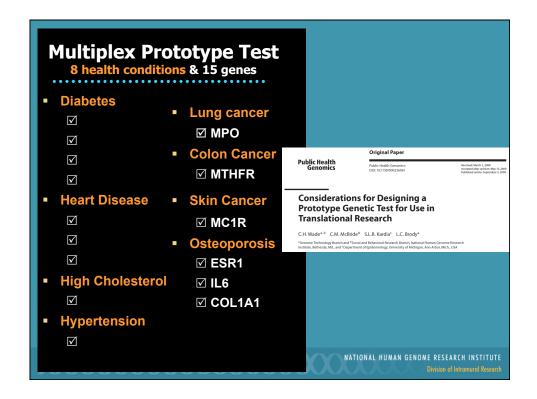
The importance of framing research questions based on the assumption that genomics innovation may or may not add value to either individual or population-level health outcomes

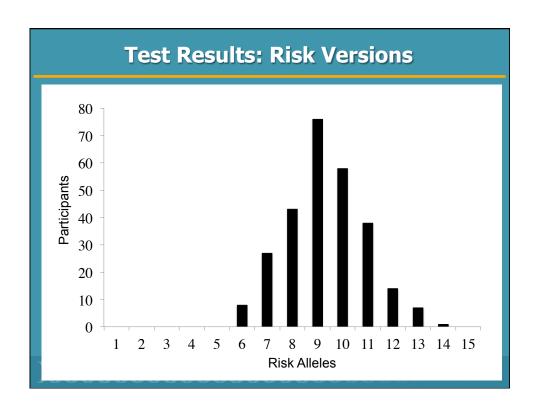
The importance of systems thinking and ecologic or multilevel modeling, and transdisciplinary collaborations

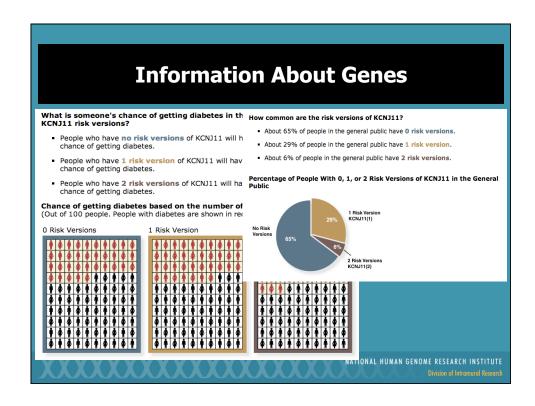
McBride, Bowen, Brody, Condit et al., 2010

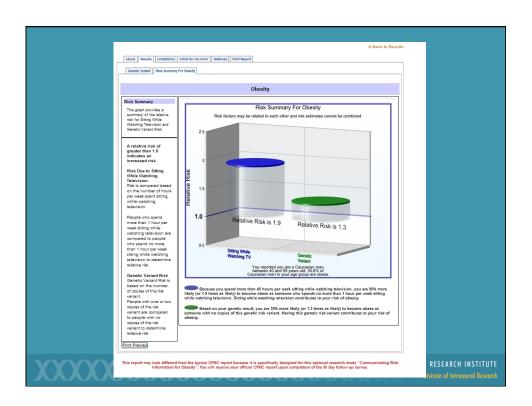
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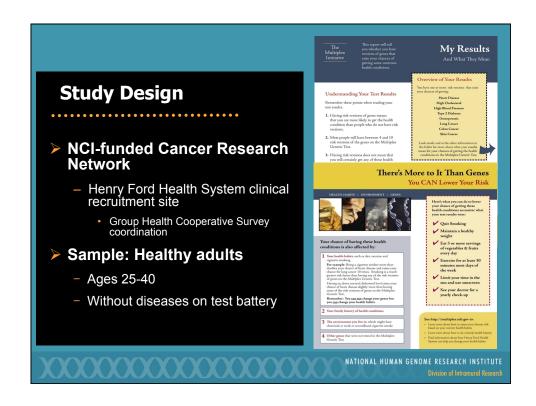


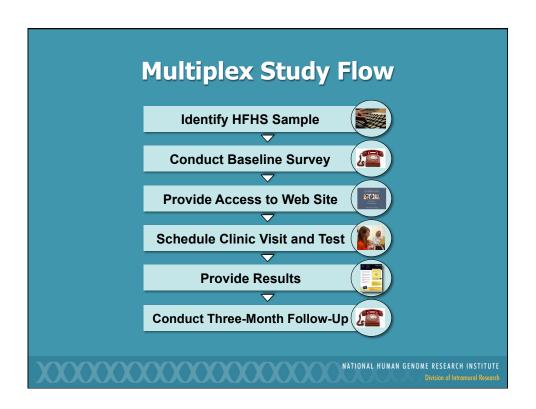


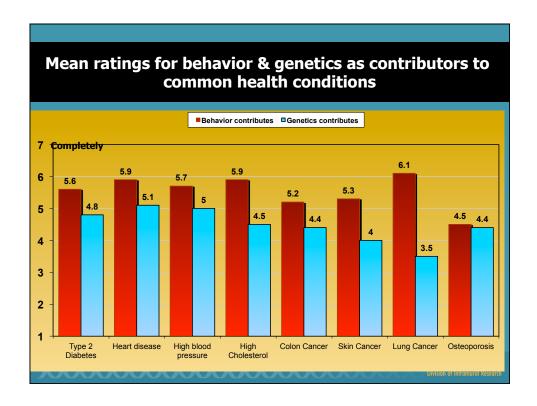


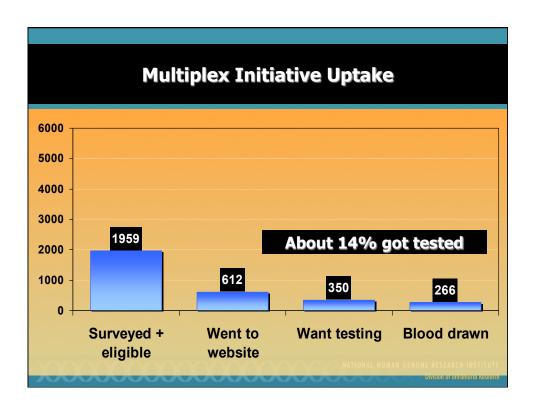




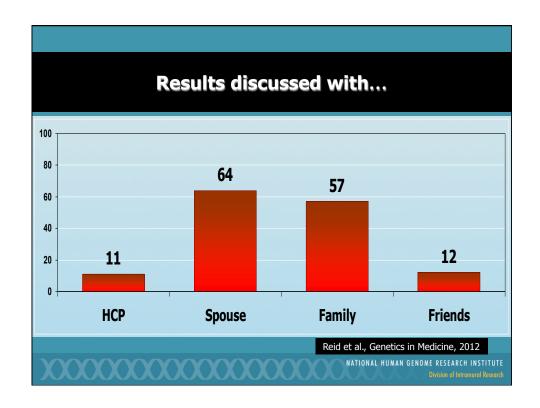


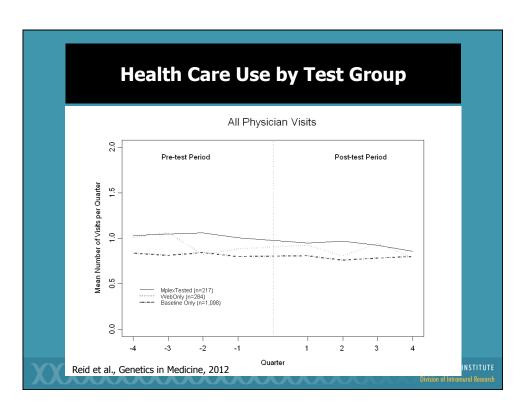


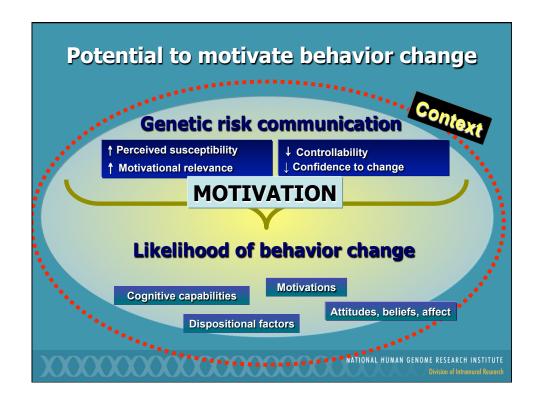


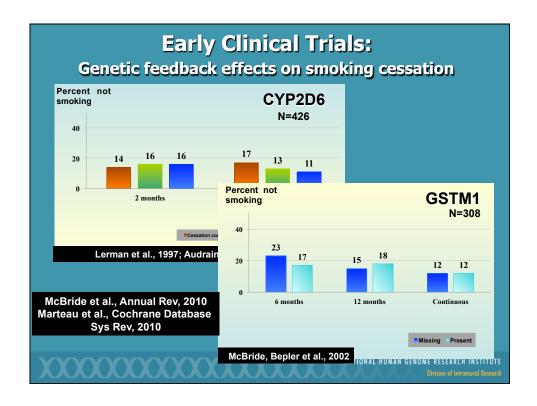


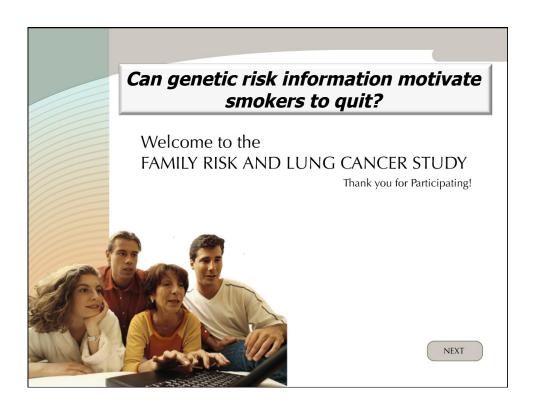
Web usage & decision outcomes Kaphingst et al., J. of Med Internet Research, 2010				
Predictors	Decide to test Odds ratio	Ease of decision Odds ratio		
Pages viewed	1.08*	1.04*		
Male gender	1.26	0.87		
Age	1.03	0.99		
Education				
HS or less	0.51*	0.81		
Some college	1.04	0.74		
Race				
White	1.65	1.00		
Black	0.66	0.58		
Marital status	0.91	0.96		
Family history	1.10	0.94		
Genetic self efficacy	1.24*	1.27*		
Importance of genetic info	1.24*	1.18*		



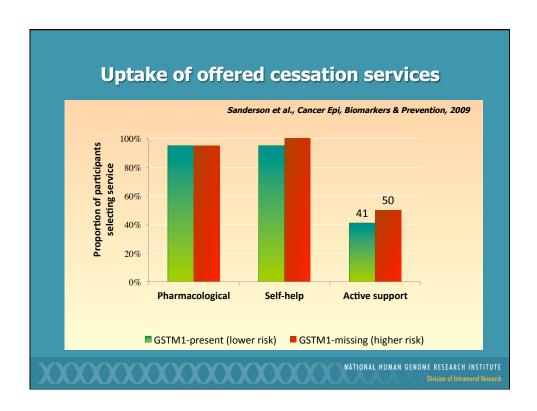


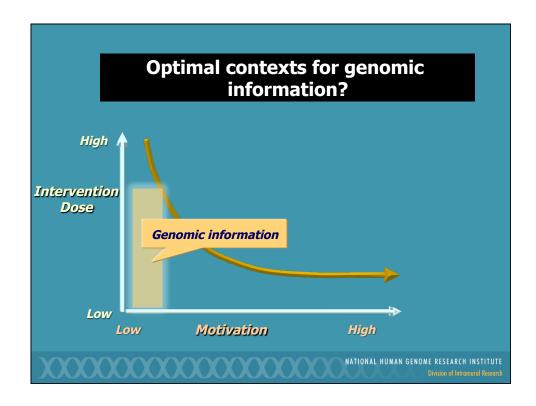


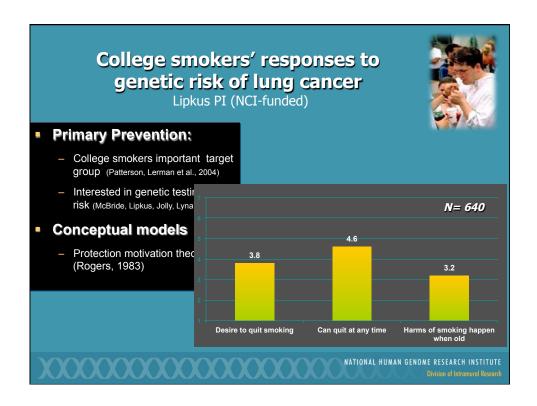




genetic testing?			
Demographics	Logged on (n = 58)	Did not log on (n = 58)	Sig.
			NS
Female	59%	48%	
Mean Age (yrs) Education	40.1 (8.3)	36.5 (10.5)	<0.05
High school or less	28%	36%	NS
Technical degree / some college	50%	41%	
College degree	22%	23%	
Jnemployed	14%	14%	NS
Non-Hispanic white	96%	96%	NS
Daily internet use	85%	62%	<0.05
Aware of cancer genetic testing	61%	42%	<0.05
Motivation to quit smoking ¹			<0.01
Closeness to patient ¹	5.5 (1.1)	5.2 (1.1)	NS













Challenges for Research on Clinical Integration of Genomics

- Changing nature of genomic technology
- Future situations difficult to envision, predict
- Concepts & contexts complicated, technical, unfamiliar

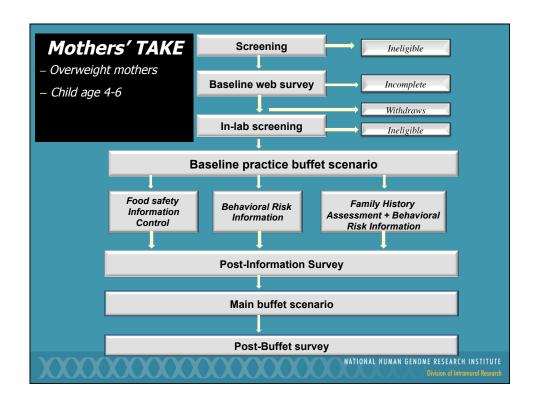
- IVETA useful tool:
 - Improves upon hypothetical scenarios
 - Enables rigorous behavioral outcomes
 - Avoids practical challenges of food preparation

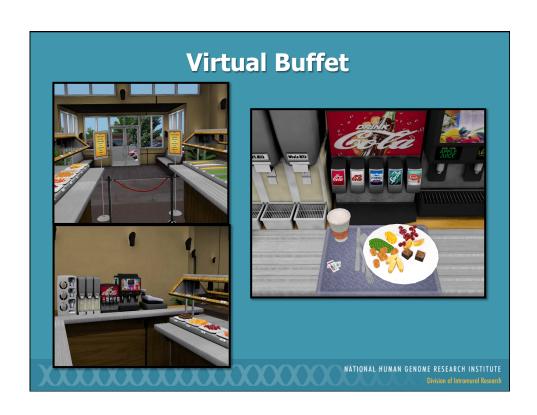
Persky, Kaphingst, Condit & McBride, 2007

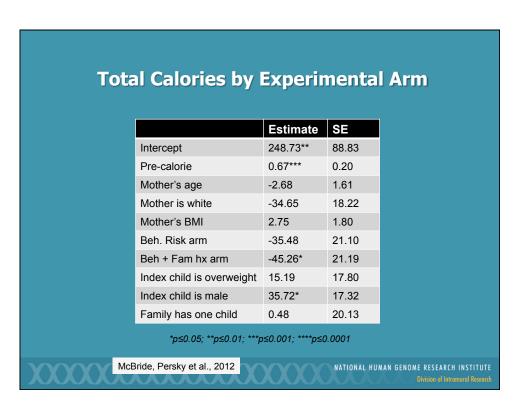
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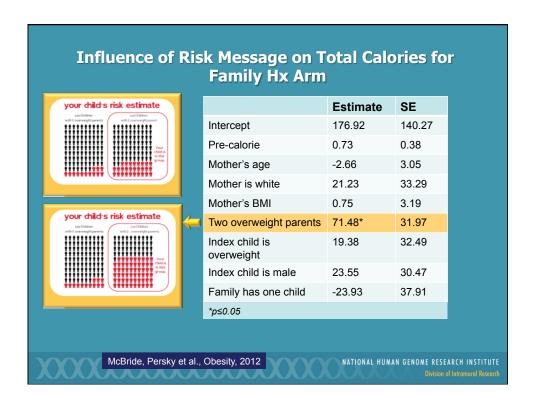
Immersive Virtual Environment Testing Area **Time Area** **Time

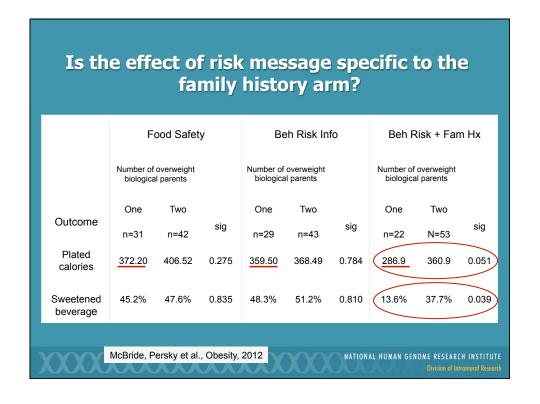


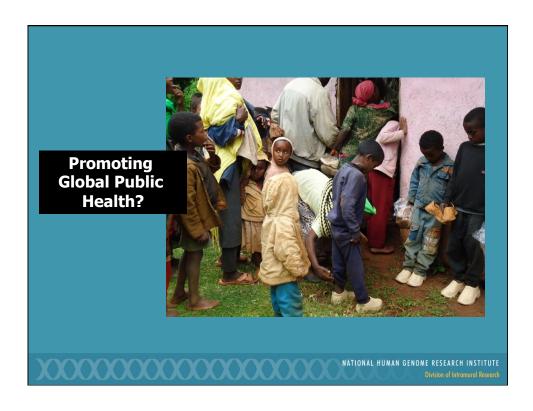










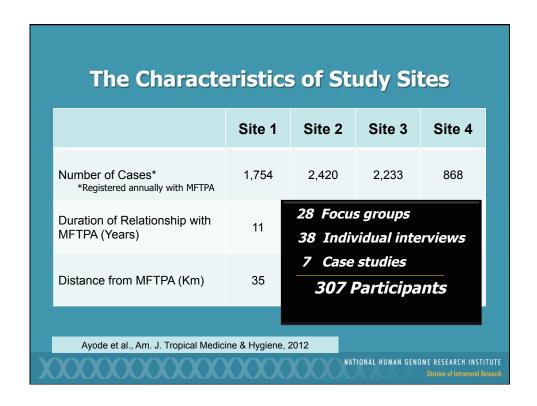


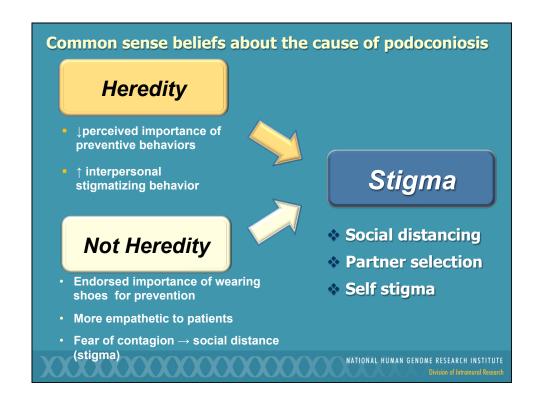


- Podoconiosis non-filarial elephantiasis
- Inflammatory lymphatic response to soil irritants
- Clusters in families in Highland Ethiopia.
- Preventable with consistent footwear > inconsistent adherence
- 50% of population < age 15
- Inadequate public health infrastructure
- Targeting shoes to high risk

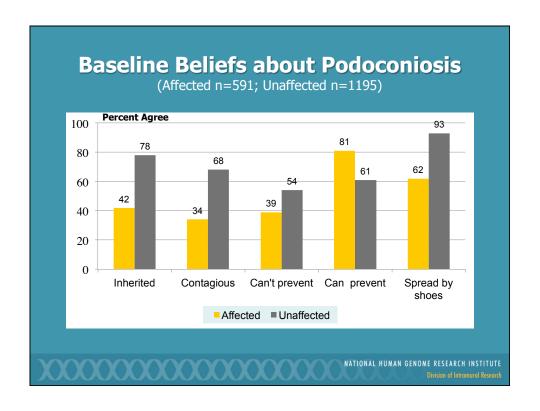


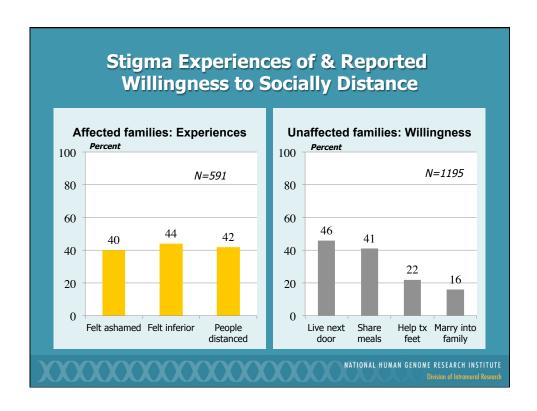
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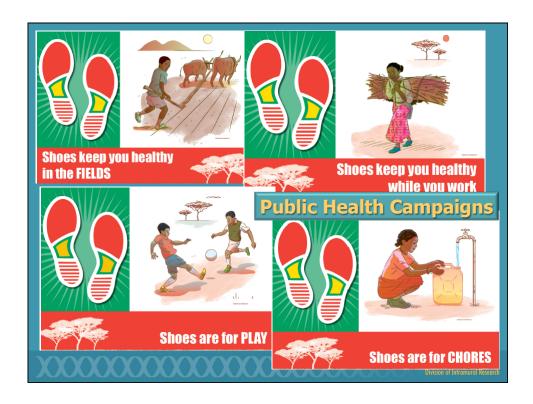


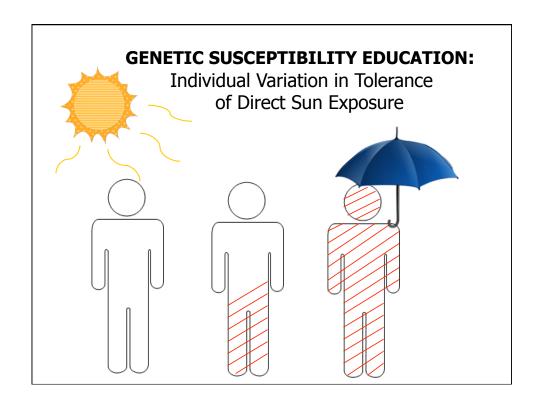


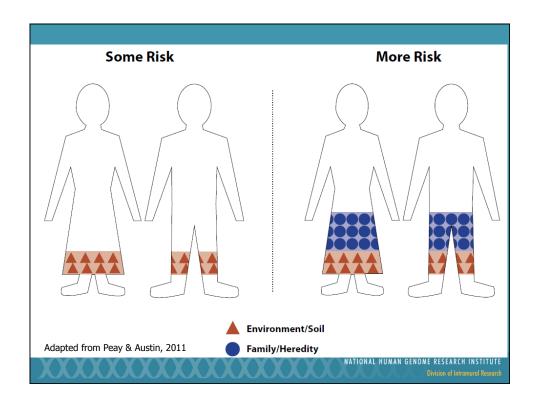
Community Level Interventions Quasi-experimental Design ■ Baseline assessment – assignment to condition Standardized health **Comparison Group** Standardized health education + genetics education education Affected Unaffected Unaffected Unaffected households households **Affected Affected** households households households households -- free shoes -- public -- free shoes -- free shoes -- measured -- public from MFTPA education from MFTPA from MFTPA education – public only campaign + campaign education genetic campaign + susceptibility genetic module susceptibility modules Short term follow-up of educational effect Longer term follow-up of primary outcomes (e.g., shoe-wearing in the target audience)



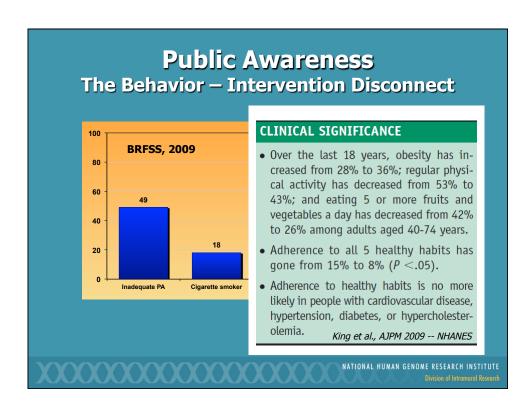


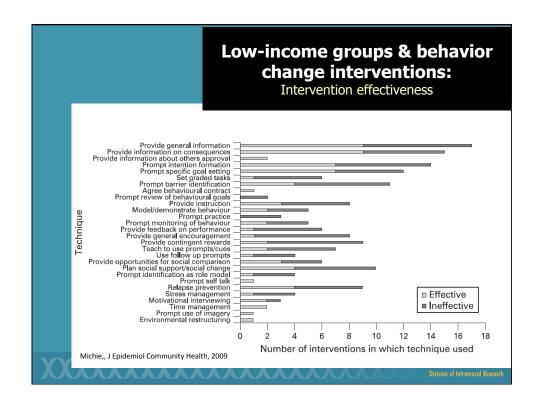


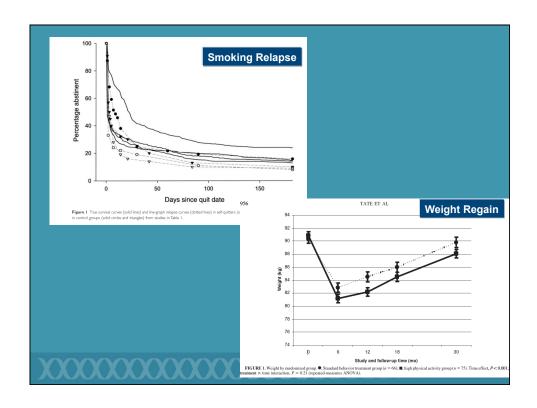


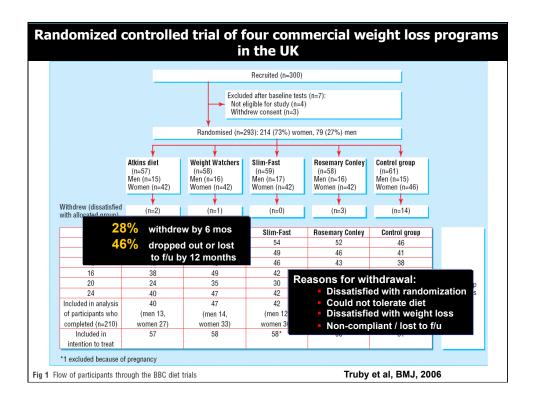


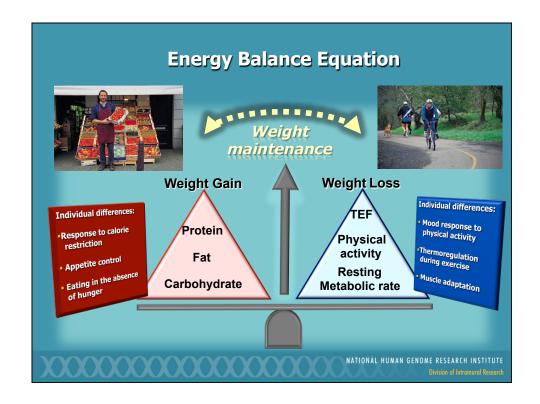


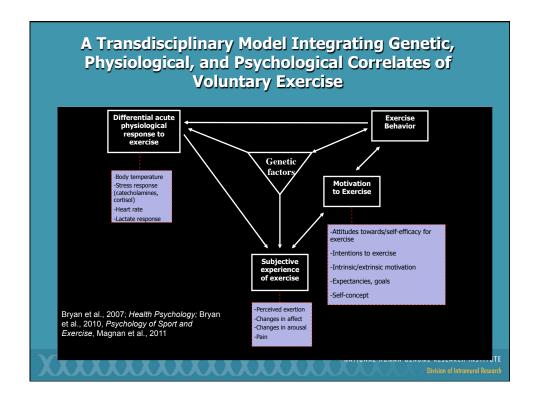


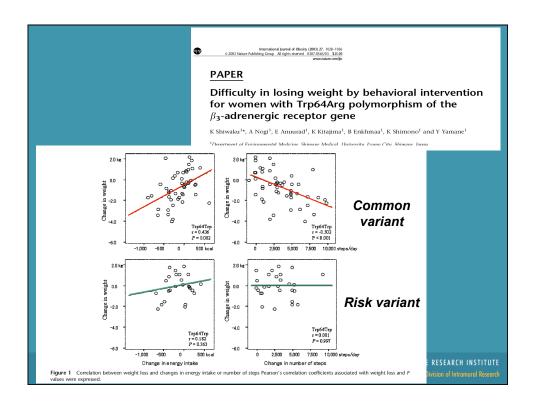


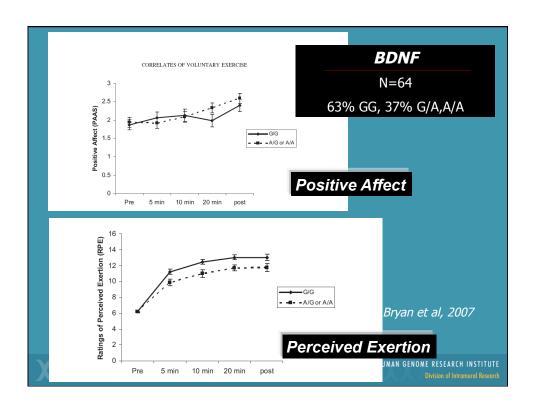


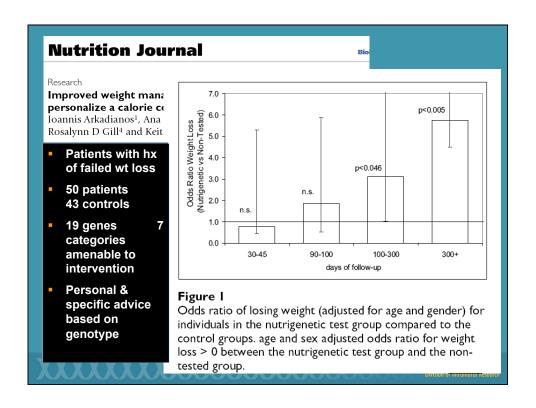












Take home messages

- Translation research is important
- Many possible avenues for genomics to improve public health
- Conceptual models to guide research questions critical
- Full armamentarium of methods
 - to anticipate and test potential applications of genomics
- Research inherently interdisciplinary

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